## R resources

- Download R by typing "R download" in google.


## Using $\mathbf{R}$ to compute descriptive statistics

- To assign the specified numbers $\mathrm{x}_{1}, \mathrm{x}_{2}, \ldots, \mathrm{x}_{\mathrm{n}}$, to a variable, say x , type $\mathrm{x}<-\mathrm{c}\left(\mathrm{x}_{1}, \mathrm{x}_{2}, \ldots, \mathrm{x}_{\mathrm{n}}\right)$
Example: $\mathrm{x}<-\mathrm{c}(1,4,6,5)$ assigns the numbers 1, 4, 6 and 5 to the vector x .
- To generate a sequence of numbers starting from 1 and ending at $n$ with a jump of size $k$ try seq ( $1, n, b y=k$ )

Example: seq(1, 10,by=1) generates: 12345678910 .

- To compute sample mean for the data $x$, type mean (x)
- To compute sample variance for the data $x$, type var ( x )
- To compute sample standard deviation for the data $x$, type $s d(x)$
- To compute the first quartile for the data x , type quartile (X, 0.25)
- To compute the second quartile for the data x , type quartile (X,0.50)
- To compute the third quartile for the data x , type
quartile(X,0.75)
- To get summary for the data $x$ try summary ( x )
- To plot histogram for data $x$ type hist (X)

Example: The following histogram is based on 100 sample data.
Histogram of $x$


- To plot boxplot (or box and whisker plot) for the data $x$ type boxplot(x)

Example: The following histogram is based on 100 sample data. boxplot(x)


- To make a stem and leaf plot for the data x type stem (x)

Example: The following histogram is based on 100 sample data.
stem(x)

```
The decimal point is at the I
-3 1 0
-2 | 40
-1 | 96333200
-0 | 9998888877666555444333222222111
0 | 0001111122233333444555566666667777888999999
1 | 012234446677889
2 | 02
```

Exercise: For the following data sets

Table 4.2: Car Battery Life

| 2.2 | 4.1 | 3.5 | 4.5 | 3.2 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 2.6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3.4 | 1.6 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.8 | 3.1 | 4.7 | 3.7 |
| 2.5 | 4.3 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 3.1 |
| 3.3 | 3.1 | 3.7 | 4.4 | 3.2 | 4.1 | 1.9 | 3.4 |
| 4.7 | 3.8 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 3.9 | 3.0 | 4.2 | 3.5 |

(a) Compute sample mean, variance, standard deviation and quartiles. Also try summary of x.
(b) Construct a histogram.
(c) Construct a boxplot.
(d) Construct the corresponding stem and leaf plot.

